

EDITORIAL SCHEDULE

March/April

Features: Spring Clean-up

Booking Deadline: January 21, 2019

Material Deadline: January 23, 2019

Bonus Distribution: Can-Am Equine Expo (ON) & BC Equine Educational Summit (BC)

May/June

Features: Farm Management

Booking Deadline: March 22, 2019

Material Deadline: March 26, 2019

Bonus Distribution: Mane Event (AB) & Camps

July/August

Features: Rider Lifestyle

Booking Deadline: May 23, 2019

Material Deadline: May 28, 2019

Bonus Distribution: Summer Horse Shows

September/October

Features: Natural Horsekeeping

Booking Deadline: July 22, 2019

Material Deadline: July 23, 2019

Bonus Distribution: Spruce Meadows Masters (AB) & Mane Event (BC)

November/December

Features: Winter Care

Booking Deadline: September 23, 2019

Material Deadline: September 25, 2019

Bonus Distribution: Royal Agricultural Winter Fair (ON) & Alberta Horse Breeders and Owners Conference (AB)

Canadian Horse Annual 2020

Booking Deadline: October 24, 2019

Material Deadline: October 30, 2019

Special Distribution & Ad Rates



Inside TV's HEARTLAND

"Shooting" people like this -- producing one of the most successful equestrian television shows.

Horse Canada's celebrity insider, Carol Hanson, shares her behind-the-scenes experience of this successful television show.



44 | EQUUS 450 | June/July 2019

NUTRITION Sponsored by Purina

Feeding after Colic

How to provide the nutrients your horse needs for healing, and feed to decrease the risk of colic happening again

BY STEPHANIE PLATT-BELLING, Ph.D.

Colic is a common digestive disorder in horses, and it can be a life-threatening condition. The good news is that many horses recover from colic with proper care. However, it's important to provide your horse with the right nutrients to help him heal and prevent future episodes.

Colic can be caused by many factors, such as changes in diet, stress, or parasites. The most common cause is a sudden change in diet. Horses should be fed a consistent diet of high-quality forage and concentrate. If a horse is having trouble digesting his food, he may need a probiotic to help with his gut health.

After a colic episode, it's important to provide your horse with a diet that is easy on his digestive system. This means feeding him a diet that is high in fiber and low in starch. You should also make sure your horse is hydrated, as dehydration can lead to colic.

Probiotics can be helpful in restoring the balance of the horse's gut bacteria. There are many different probiotics available, so it's important to choose one that is specifically designed for horses. Your veterinarian can help you choose the right probiotic for your horse.

It's also important to provide your horse with a diet that is rich in essential nutrients. This includes vitamins, minerals, and electrolytes. Your horse should be fed a balanced ration that meets all of his nutritional needs.

By providing your horse with the right nutrients, you can help him heal from colic and prevent future episodes. Always consult with your veterinarian for more information on how to best care for your horse.



After a colic episode, it's important to provide your horse with a diet that is easy on his digestive system.

Prevention

It's often difficult to prevent colic from happening, but there are several things you can do to reduce the risk. First, make sure your horse is on a consistent diet. Avoid sudden changes in feed. Second, make sure your horse is hydrated. Provide him with clean, fresh water at all times. Third, make sure your horse is exercised regularly. Exercise helps to keep the digestive system moving.

Finally, make sure your horse is protected from parasites. Regular deworming can help prevent colic caused by parasites.

There are also several signs that your horse may be having trouble digesting his food. These include drooping ears, a distended belly, and manure that is too hard or too soft. If you notice any of these signs, contact your veterinarian immediately.

After Colic

After a colic episode, it's important to provide your horse with a diet that is easy on his digestive system. This means feeding him a diet that is high in fiber and low in starch. You should also make sure your horse is hydrated, as dehydration can lead to colic.



Style and Substance

Josh Nichol analyzes four different approaches to horsemanship and training. Your view of horse behaviour will influence which type of horsemanship you use.

On the one hand, we will look at four styles of horsemanship that are based on different interpretations of how horses think and behave. On the other hand, we will look at four different approaches to training that are based on different interpretations of how horses learn. The goal is to help you understand the relationship between horsemanship and training, and how your view of horse behaviour will influence which type of horsemanship you use.



44 | EQUUS 450 | June/July 2019